LeakMaster - Pool Glue

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product identifier used on the

Kit Name Leakmaster - POOL GLUE

PG50 Stock No.:

Other means of identification:

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:

Chemical manufacturer address and telephone number:

Manufacturer Name: ITW Polymers Adhesives, North America

30 Endicott Street Danvers, MA 01923

Component list		
Component B	Pool Glue Activator	
Component A	MA305 / Plastic Welder	
Kit SDS Revision Date	08/24/2015	

Component B - SDS

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier used on the label:

Product Name: **Pool Glue**

Other means of identification:

Synonyms: None.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use: Product Use/Restriction: Not applicable.

Supplier: $\underline{\hbox{Chemical manufacturer address and telephone number:}}\\$

Manufacturer Name: ITW Anderson Manufacturing Co. Inc. 2885 Country Drive #190 Saint Paul MN 55117 Address: 30 Endicott Street Danvers, MA 01923

(978) 777-1100 651-484-1316

Emergency phone number:

General Phone Number:

(800) 424-9300 Emergency Phone Number:

CHEMTREC: For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

 $\underline{\textit{Classification of the chemical in accordance with CFR 1910.1200(d)(f):}\\$

GHS Pictograms:



Signal Word: DANGER.

GHS Class:

Flammable Liquid. Category 2. Skin Irritation. Category 2. Skin Sensitization. category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity - STOT, Single Exposure SE. Category 3.

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H315 - Causes skin irritation. Hazard Statements:

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary Statements: P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hotsurfaces. — No smoking.

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hotsurfaces. — No P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower. P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide to extinguish small fires. Use water for

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with Local, State, Federal and Provincial regulations.

$\underline{\textbf{Hazards not otherwise classified that have been identified during the classification process:}$

Route of Exposure: Eyes. Skin. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential Health Effects:

Ingestion:

Can cause moderate irritation, burning sensation, tearing, redness, and swelling. Overexposure may

cause lacrimation, conjunctivitis, corneal damage and permanent injury.

Skin: Can cause skin irritation; itching, redness, rashes, hives, burning, and swelling. Allergic reactions are

May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident on reexposure to this

material.

Inhalation: Respiratory tract irritant. High concentration may cause dizziness, headache, and anesthetic effects.

Causes irritation, a burning sensation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract and abdominal

Chronic Health Effects: Prolonged skin contact may lead to burning associated with severe reddening, swelling, and possible

tissue destruction

Signs/Symptoms: Overexposure can cause headaches, dizziness, nausea, and vomiting.

Target Organs: Eves, Skin, Respiratory system, Digestive system, Liver, Kidney, Olfactory Function.

Aggravation of Pre-Existing

Individuals with pre-existing skin disorders, asthma, allergies or known sensitization may be more susceptible to the effects of this product. Conditions:

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures:

CAS#	Ingredient Percent	EC Num.
80-62-6	70 - 80 by weight	
9003-56-9	1 - 10 by weight	
25053-09-2	1 - 10 by weight	
25852-37-3	1 - 10 by weight	
34562-31-7	1 - 10 by weight	
	80-62-6 9003-56-9 25053-09-2 25852-37-3	80-62-6 70 - 80 by weight 9003-56-9 1 - 10 by weight 25053-09-2 1 - 10 by weight 25852-37-3 1 - 10 by weight

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures:

Inhalation:

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 to 20 minutes. Ensure adequate flushing of Eye Contact:

the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers. Get immediate medical attention.

 $Immediately \ wash \ skin \ with \ plenty \ of soap \ and \ water for 15 \ to \ 20 \ minutes, \ while \ removing contaminated \ clothing \ and \ shoes. \ Get \ medical \ attention \ if \ irritation \ develops \ or \ persists.$ Skin Contact:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give Ingestion:

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media:

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide (CO2) or dry chemical when fighting fires involving this material.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Water may cause frothing.

Unusual Fire Hazards: Sealed containers at elevated temperatures may rupture explosively and spread fire due to

polymerization.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

As in any fire, wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) Protective Equipment:

and full protective gear.

Evacuate area of unprotected personnel. Use cold water spray to cool fire exposed containers to Fire Fighting Instructions:

minimize risk of rupture. Do not enter confined fire space without full protective gear. If possible, contain fire run-off water.

Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Personal Precautions: Evacuate area and keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the spill area.

Environmental precautions:

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches, and waterways.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Spill Cleanup Measures:

Absorb spill with inert material (e,g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Provide ventilation. Collect spill with a non-sparking tool. Place into a suitable container for disposal. Clean up spills immediately observing precautions in the protective equipment section. After removal,

flush spill area with soap and water to remove trace residue.
Flammable, eliminate ignition sources. Vapors can form an ignitable mixture with air. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back. Ventilate area. Use proper personal

protective equipment as listed in Section 8.

Reference to other sections:

Other Precautions: Pump or shovel to storage/salvage vessels. Add inhibitor to prevent polymerization.

SECTION 7: HANDLING and STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor, aerosol or mist. Material will accumulate static Handling:

charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). Use proper grounding procedures. Do not reuse containers without proper cleaning or reconditioning.

Hygiene Practices: Wash thoroughly after handling.

Special Handling Procedures: Provide appropriate ventilation/respiratory protection against decomposition products (see Section 10)

during welding/flame cutting operations and to protect against dust during sanding/grinding of cured product. Hazardous liquid or vapor residue may remain in emptied container. Do not reuse, heat, burn, pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, expose to sparks, flame, or ignition sources of empty

containers without proper commercial cleaning or reconditioning.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of heat, combustible materials, direct

sunlight, and incompatible substances. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:

Methyl Methacrylate Monomer:

TLV-STEL: 100 ppm Guideline ACGIH:

TLV-TWA: 50 ppm Sensitizer.

Guideline OSHA: PEL-TWA: 100 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls:

Use appropriate engineering control such as process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other **Engineering Controls:**

engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Where such systems are not effective wear suitable personal protective equipment, which performs satisfactorily and meets OSHA or other recognized standards. Consult with local procedures for selection, training, inspection and maintenance

of the personal protective equipment.

Individual protection measures:

Eye/Face Protection: Wear appropriate protective glasses or splash goggles as described by 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA eye and face protection regulation, or the European standard EN 166.

Skin Protection Description: Wear appropriate protective gloves and other protective apparel to prevent skin contact. Consult

manufacturer's data for permeability data.

Respiratory Protection: A NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be

permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Other Protective: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash and a deluge shower

safety station.

Only established PEL and TLV values for the ingredients are listed. Notes:

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Physical State Appearance: Paste. Odor: Fragrant.

213°F (100.5°C) Boiling Point: Melting Point: Not determined.

Specific Gravity: 0.96

Solubility: Not determined. Vapor Density: 3.5 (Air=1.) Vapor Pressure: 28 mmHg @68°F

Percent Volatile: Not determined.

3 (n-Butyl Acetate = 1) Evaporation Rate:

4.5-5.5 @ 5 %

Molecular Formula: Mixture Molecular Weight: Mixture

Flash Point: 50°F (10°C)

Flash Point Method: Tag closed cup. (TCC)

Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit: 2.1% Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit:

Auto Ignition Temperature: Not determined. VOC Content: <50 g/L mixed.

9.2. Other information:

pH:

Percent Solids by Weight Not determined.

SECTION 10: STABILITY and REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:

Chemical Stability: Unstable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Hazardous Polymerization: Polymerization may occur under certain conditions.

Conditions To Avoid:

Extreme heat, sparks, and open flame. Incompatible materials, oxidizers and oxidizing conditions. Oxygen-free atmospheres or inert gas blanketing. Freezing conditions. Material can soften paint and Conditions to Avoid:

rubber.

Incompatible Materials:

Incompatible Materials: Oxidizing agents (eg peroxides, nitrates), reducing agents, acids, bases, azo-compounds, catalytic metals (eg copper, iron), halogens. Free radical initiators. Oxygen scavengers.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

<u>Methyl Methacrylate Monomer:</u>

Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 150 mg [Not reported.] (RTECS) Eye:

Skin: Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >5 gm/kg [Skin and

Appendages - Dermatitis, other(After systemic exposure)] (RTECS)

 $Inhalation - Rat\ LC50 - Lethal\ concentration, 50\ percent\ kill:\ 78000\ mg/m3/4H\ [Details\ of\ toxic\ effects\ not\ reported\ other\ than\ lethal\ dose\ value]\ (RTECS)$ Inhalation:

Ingestion: Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 7872 mg/kg [Behavioral - Muscle weakness Behavioral -

 ${\tt Coma\ Lungs,\ Thorax,\ or\ Respiration\ -\ Respiratory\ depression]\ (RTECS)}$

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Ecotoxicity: No ecotoxicity data was found for the product. Environmental Fate: No environmental information found for this product.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Description of waste:

Waste Disposal:

Consult with the US EPA Guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3 for the classifications of hazardous waste prior to disposal. Furthermore, consult with your state and local waste requirements or guidelines, if applicable, to ensure compliance. Arrange disposal in accordance to the EPA and/or state and local

guidelines.

RCRA Number: D001

DANGER! Rags, steel wool and waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly Important Disposal Information:

discarded or stored. To avoid a spontaneous combustion fire, immediately after use, place rags, steel

wool or waste in a sealed, water-filled, metal container.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading DOT UN Number: Refer to Bill of Lading

IATA Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading IATA UN Number: Refer to Bill of Lading

IMDG UN Number : Refer to Bill of Lading Refer to Bill of Lading IMDG Shipping Name:

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

Methyl Methacrylate Monomer:

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed

Section 313: EPCRA - 40 CFR Part 372 - (SARA Title III) Section 313 Listed Chemical.

Canada DSL: Listed

Poly (acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene):

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed Canada DSL: Listed

p(BD/MMA/STY):

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed Canada DSL: Listed Acrylic-butadiene-styrene terpolymer: TSCA Inventory Status: Listed

Canada DSL: Listed

3,5-Diethyl-1,2-dihydro-1-phenyl-2-propylpyridine:

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed Canada DSL: Listed

Canadian Regulations.

WHMIS Hazard Class(es): B2; D2B All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

WHMIS Pictograms:





SECTION 16: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

HMIS Ratings:

HMIS Health Hazard: 2 * HMIS Fire Hazard: 3 HMIS Reactivity: 2 **HMIS Personal Protection:**

Health Hazard	2*
Fire Hazard	3
Reactivity	2
Personal Protection	х

Chronic Health Effects

SDS Revision Date: March 23, 2016 SDS Revision Notes: Name change. SDS Author: Actio Corporation

Disclaimer:

The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. Anderson Manufacturing Co. Inc., MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. User is responsible for determining whether the product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of a Anderson Manufacturing Co. Inc. product, some of which are uniquely within the user's involved and control, it is essential that the user available the product to determine within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application.

Component A - SDS

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier used on the label:

Pool Glue MA305 / Plastic Welder Product Name:

Other means of identification:

Synonyms:

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use: Product Use/Restriction: Not applicable.

Supplier: Chemical manufacturer address and telephone number:

Manufacturer Name: ITW Anderson Manufacturing Co. Inc.

30 Endicott Street Danvers, MA 01923 Address 2885 Country Drive #190

Saint Paul MN 55117 (978) 777-1100 General Phone Number:

651-484-1316

Emergency phone number:

Emergency Phone Number: (800) 424-9300

CHEMTREC: For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the chemical in accordance with CFR 1910.1200(d)(f):

GHS Pictograms:









Signal Word: DANGER.

GHS Class: Flammable Liquid. Category 2.

Serious Eye Damage. category 1. Germ cell mutagenicity. Category 2. Skin Irritation. Category 2. Skin Sensitization. category 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - STOT, Single Exposure SE. Category 3.

Hazard Statements:

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary Statements:

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understo P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hotsurfaces. — No smoking. P233 - Keep container tightly closed. P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. P242 - Use only non-sparking tools. P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

P303+P351+P356 - IF IN ETES. KINSE cadulously with water for several if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide to extinguish small fires. Use water for

large fires. P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with Local, State, Federal and Provincial regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified that have been identified during the classification process:

Route of Exposure: Eyes. Skin. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential Health Effects:

Eye: Can cause moderate irritation, burning sensation, tearing, redness, and swelling. Overexposure may

cause lacrimation, conjunctivitis, corneal damage and permanent injury.

Skin: Can cause skin irritation; itching, redness, rashes, hives, burning, and swelling. Allergic reactions are

possible.

May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident on reexposure to this

material.

Respiratory tract irritant. High concentration may cause dizziness, headache, and anesthetic effects. May cause respiratory sensitization with asthma-like symptoms in susceptible individuals. Inhalation:

Inaestion: Causes irritation, a burning sensation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract and abdominal

Chronic Health Effects: Prolonged skin contact may lead to burning associated with severe reddening, swelling, and possible

tissue destruction.

Signs/Symptoms: Overexposure can cause headaches, dizziness, nausea, and vomiting.

Target Organs: Eyes. Skin. Respiratory system. Digestive system. Liver. Kidney. Olfactory Function.

Aggravation of Pre-Existing Individuals with pre-existing skin disorders, asthma, allergies or known sensitization may be more

Conditions: susceptible to the effects of this product.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures:

Chemical Name	CAS#	Ingredient Percent	EC Num.
Diisodecyl Phthalate	26761-40-0	1 - 10 by weight	
Methyl Methacrylate Monomer	80-62-6	40 - 50 by weight	
Methacrylic acid	79-41-4	1 - 10 by weight	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10 - 20 by weight	
Chlorosulfonated polyethylene	68037-39-8	10 - 20 by weight	
Proprietary ingredient(s)	Trade Secret	10 - 20 by weight	
Butylated Hydroxytoluene (BHT)	128-37-0	1 - 10 by weight	
1,1,2-trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.1 - 1.0 by weight	
Magnesium silicate hydrate	14807-96-6	0.1 - 1.0 by weight	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures:

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 to 20 minutes. Ensure adequate flushing of Eye Contact:

the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers. Get immediate medical attention

Immediately wash skin with plenty of soap and water for 15 to 20 minutes, while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Skin Contact:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention. Inhalation:

Ingestion: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Due to possible aspiration into the lungs, DO NOT induce vomiting if ingested. Provide a glass of water to dilute the material in the stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, have the person lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Other First Aid:

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media:

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide (CO2) or dry chemical when fighting fires involving this material.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Water may cause frothing.

Unusual Fire Hazards: Sealed containers at elevated temperatures may rupture explosively and spread fire due to

polymerization.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

As in any fire, wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) Protective Equipment:

and full protective gear.

Evacuate area of unprotected personnel. Use cold water spray to cool fire exposed containers to Fire Fighting Instructions:

minimize risk of rupture. Do not enter confined fire space without full protective gear. If possible, contain fire run-off water.
Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Personal Precautions: Evacuate area and keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the spill area.

Environmental precautions:

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches, and waterways.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Spill Cleanup Measures:

Absorb spill with inert material (e,g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Provide ventilation. Collect spill with a non-sparking tool. Place into a suitable container for disposal. Clean up spills immediately observing precautions in the protective equipment section. After removal, flush spill area with soap and water to remove trace residue. Flammable, eliminate ignition sources. Vapors can form an ignitable mixture with air. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back. Ventilate area. Use proper personal protective equipment as listed in Section 8

protective equipment as listed in Section 8.

Reference to other sections:

Other Precautions: Pump or shovel to storage/salvage vessels. Add inhibitor to prevent polymerization.

SECTION 7: HANDLING and STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Handling: Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor, aerosol or mist. Material will accumulate static

charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). Use proper grounding procedures. Do not reuse containers without proper cleaning or reconditioning.

Hygiene Practices: Wash thoroughly after handling.

Special Handling Procedures: Provide appropriate ventilation/respiratory protection against decomposition products (see Section 10)

during welding/flame cutting operations and to protect against dust during sanding/grinding of cured product. Hazardous liquid or vapor residue may remain in emptied container. Do not reuse, heat, burn, pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, expose to sparks, flame, or ignition sources of empty containers without proper commercial cleaning or reconditioning.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of heat, combustible materials, direct

sunlight, and incompatible substances. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:

Methyl Methacrylate Monomer:

TLV-STEL: 100 ppm Guideline ACGIH:

TLV-TWA: 50 ppm Sensitizer.

Guideline OSHA: PEL-TWA: 100 ppm

Methacrylic acid:

Guideline ACGIH: TLV-TWA: 20 ppm

Titanium dioxide:

Guideline ACGIH: TLV-TWA: 10 mg/m3

Butylated Hydroxytoluene (BHT):

TLV-TWA: 2 mg/m3 Inhalable vapor fraction (IVF) Guideline ACGIH:

1,1,2-trichloroethane:

Guideline ACGIH: TLV-TWA: 10 ppm Skin: Yes. Guideline OSHA: PEL-TWA: 10 ppm Skin: Yes.

Magnesium silicate hydrate:

Guideline ACGIH: TLV-TWA: 1 mg/m3 Respirable fraction (R)

Guideline OSHA: PEL-TWA: 20 mppcf

Appropriate engineering controls:

Use appropriate engineering control such as process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Good general **Engineering Controls:**

ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Where such systems are not effective wear suitable personal protective equipment, which performs satisfactorily and meets OSHA or other

recognized standards. Consult with local procedures for selection, training, inspection and maintenance of the personal protective equipment.

Individual protection measures:

Eye/Face Protection: Wear appropriate protective glasses or splash goggles as described by 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA eye

and face protection regulation, or the European standard EN 166.

Skin Protection Description: Wear appropriate protective gloves and other protective apparel to prevent skin contact. Consult

manufacturer's data for permeability data

Respiratory Protection: A NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be

permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Other Protective: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash and a deluge shower

safety station.

Notes: Only established PEL and TLV values for the ingredients are listed.

3 (butyl acetate = 1)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Physical State Appearance: Paste. Color: White Odor: Fragrant. 213°F (100.5°C) Boiling Point: Melting Point: -54°F (-47.7°C) Specific Gravity: 0.93-1.05 Solubility: Not determined. Vapor Density: 3.5 (air = 1)Vapor Pressure: 28 mmHg @68°F Percent Volatile: Not determined.

Molecular Formula: Mixture Molecular Weight: Mixture Flash Point: 50°F (10°C)

Flash Point Method: Tag closed cup. (TCC)

Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit: Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit:

Auto Ignition Temperature: Not determined. VOC Content: <50 g/L mixed.

9.2. Other information:

Evaporation Rate:

Percent Solids by Weight Not determined.

SECTION 10: STABILITY and REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:

Chemical Stability: Unstable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Hazardous Polymerization: Polymerization may occur under certain conditions.

Conditions To Avoid:

Extreme heat, sparks, and open flame. Incompatible materials, oxidizers and oxidizing conditions. Oxygen-free atmospheres or inert gas blanketing. Freezing conditions. Material can soften paint and Conditions to Avoid:

rubber.

Incompatible Materials:

Incompatible Materials: Oxidizing agents (eg peroxides, nitrates), reducing agents, acids, bases, azo-compounds, catalytic

metals (eg copper, iron), halogens. Free radical initiators. Oxygen scavengers.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Diisodecyl Phthalate:

Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >3160 mg/kg [Details of Skin:

toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 64 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS) Ingestion:

Methyl Methacrylate Monomer:

Eye: Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 150 mg [Not reported.] (RTECS) Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >5 gm/kg [Skin and

 ${\tt Appendages - Dermatitis, other(After systemic exposure)\]\ ({\tt RTECS})}$

Inhalation: Inhalation - Rat LC50 - Lethal concentration, 50 percent kill: 78000 mg/m3/4H [Details of toxic effects

not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 7872 mg/kg [Behavioral - Muscle weakness Behavioral -Ingestion:

Coma Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration - Respiratory depression] (RTECS)

Methacrylic acid:

Skin: Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 500 mg/kg [Details of toxic

effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 1060 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other Ingestion:

than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

Titanium dioxide:

Chronic Effects: Normal application procedures for this product pose minimal hazard as to the release of respirable

titanium dioxide dust, but grinding or sanding dried films of this product may yield some respirable titanium dioxide. Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possible carcinogenic to human (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials". OSHA does not regulate titanium dioxide as a carcinogen. However, under 29CFR 1910.1200 the SDS must convey the fact that titanium dioxide is a potential carcinogen to rats.

Carcinogenicity: Animal evidence shows that high concentrations of pigment-grade (powdered) and ultrafine titanium

dioxide dust caused respiratory tract cancer in rats exposed by inhalation.

Butylated Hydroxytoluene (BHT):

Eye: Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 100 mg/24H [Moderate] (RTECS)

Administration onto the skin - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >2000 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS) Skin:

Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 890 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS) Inaestion:

1,1,2-trichloroethane:

Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 162 mg [Mild] Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 500 mg/24H [Mild] (RTECS)

Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 3730 uL/kg [Details of toxic Skin:

effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 580 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS) Ingestion:

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

No ecotoxicity data was found for the product. Ecotoxicity:

Environmental Fate: No environmental information found for this product.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Description of waste:

Waste Disposal: Consult with the US EPA Guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3 for the classifications of hazardous

waste prior to disposal. Furthermore, consult with your state and local waste requirements or quidelines, if applicable, to ensure compliance. Arrange disposal in accordance to the EPA and/or state and local

auidelines.

RCRA Number: D001

Important Disposal Information: DANGER! Rags, steel wool and waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly

discarded or stored. To avoid a spontaneous combustion fire, immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed, water-filled, metal container.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading

Refer to Bill of Lading DOT UN Number:

IATA Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading IATA UN Number: Refer to Bill of Lading

IMDG UN Number : Refer to Bill of Lading IMDG Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

<u>Diisodecyl Phthalate</u>:

TSCA Inventory Status:

California PROP 65: Listed: developmental Canada DSL: Listed

Methyl Methacrylate Monomer:

TSCA Inventory Status:

Section 313: EPCRA - 40 CFR Part 372 - (SARA Title III) Section 313 Listed Chemical.

Canada DSL: Listed

Methacrylic acid:

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed Canada DSL: Listed

Titanium dioxide:

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed Canada DSL: Listed

Chlorosulfonated polyethylene:

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed Canada DSL: Listed

Butylated Hydroxytoluene (BHT):

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed Canada DSL: Listed

1,1,2-trichloroethane:

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed

EPCRA - 40 CFR Part 372 - (SARA Title III) Section 313 Listed Chemical. Section 313:

California PROP 65: Listed: cancer.

Canada DSL: Listed

Magnesium silicate hydrate:

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed Canada DSL: Listed

WHMIS Hazard Class(es): B2; D2B; D2A Canadian Regulations.

All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

WHMIS Pictograms:





SECTION 16: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

HMIS Ratings:

2* HMIS Health Hazard: HMIS Fire Hazard: 3 HMIS Reactivity: HMIS Personal Protection:

Health Hazard	2*
Fire Hazard	3
Reactivity	2
Personal Protection	x

^{*} Chronic Health Effects

SDS Revision Date: June 07, 2016 SDS Revision Notes: Name Change

SDS Format: In accordance to OSHA GHS 1910.1200

SDS Author: Actio Corporation

Disclaimer:

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